**Instructional Packet (#22 - 26)**

**Spanish 4**

We have seen Present Perfect verbs earlier this semester as we were reading ***Vida o muerte en el Cusco*** and in episodes 11 - 20 of ***El cuarto misterioso***. Instructional Packets # 22 - 26 will focus on how this compound verb works and looks. Here are some places to find out more:

1. **Spanish Present Perfect Verbs** info (below ↓)
2. Yellow Verb Chart we did in class
3. www.spanishdict.com

**Spanish Present Perfect Verbs**

We learned about the Present Perfect verb tense in class and filled out a ***YELLOW VERB CHART***.

The Spanish present perfect (**el pretérito perfecto compuesto** o **el antepresente**) is used to talk about things that started in the past and which continue or repeat in the present. It's also used to talk about things that have happened in the recent past.

Present Perfect Examples

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| **He visto las montañas de Perú.***I have seen the mountains of Perú.* |
| **¿Has ido a Colombia?***Have you gone to Colombia?* |
| **Usted ha escrito un poema bonito.***You have written a pretty poem.* |
| **Él ha dormido 10 horas.***He has slept 10 hours.* |
| **Ella ha dicho que es una princesa.***She has said that she is a princess.* |
| **Hemos vuelto para comprar la leche.***We have returned to buy milk.* |
| **Ella ha cantado muy bien.***She has sung very well.* |
| **Ustedes han hecho un pastel delicioso.***You have made a delicious cake.* |
| **Ellos han bailado en 12 países.***They have danced in 12 countries.* |
| **Ellas han oído la verdad.***They have heard the truth.* |

For talking about actions that happened in the recent past, the present perfect is more widely used in Spain than in Latin America. It's more common to hear [the preterite](http://www.spanishdict.com/guide/spanish-preterite-tense-forms), or *simple past*, used in Latin America to talk about something that just happened.

**Haber and Pronoun Placement**

**Haber**, the auxiliary verb used with the present perfect, and the past participle are never separated in a present perfect construction. If an object pronoun (such as **los**) is used with the present perfect, it goes immediately before **haber**.

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| **¿Los has visto?***Have you seen them?* |
| **Se las he dado.***I have given them to her.*

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| **He vivido aquí por muchos años.***I have lived here many years.* |
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| **He comprado la leche y los panes.***I've bought the milk and the rolls.****ESPAÑOL 4*** PAQUETE DE TAREA #22Read above ***Spanish Present Perfect Verbs***, to learn how these COMPOUND VERBS work. Then, match the following English and Spanish sentences:1. She has done her homework. \_\_\_ Ellos han ido y no volverán.2. We have gone to the beach and will be back on Sunday. \_\_\_ Por fin hemos hecho todo.3. I have done all that you asked me. \_\_\_ ¿Has ido a New York aún?4. They have gone and won´t be back. \_\_\_ Ella ha ido y no ha dicho por donde.5. He hasn´t done anything. \_\_\_ He hecho todo lo que me pediste. 6. Have you gone to New York yet? \_\_\_ ¿Has hecho lo que te pedí?7. We have finally done everything. \_\_\_ He ido a la playa.8. She has gone and hasn´t said where. \_\_\_ Él no ha hecho nada.9. Have you done what I asked you? \_\_\_ Ella ha hecho su tarea.10. I have gone to the beach. \_\_\_ Hemos ido a la playa y volveremos el domingo. |
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***ESPAÑOL 4*** PAQUETE DE TAREA #23

Read above ***Spanish Present Perfect Verbs***, to learn how these COMPOUND VERBS work. Then, match the following English and Spanish sentences:

1. We have not been able to go to school. \_\_\_ He podido caminar todos los días.

2. My dad has given me $5. \_\_\_ Ella ha podido leer hoy.

3. She has been able to read today. \_\_\_ Ella nos ha dado $5.

4. They have given her the book. \_\_\_ Hemos podido visitarla esta semana.

5. I have been able to walk every day. \_\_\_ Ellos han podido comprar el libro.

6. We have been able to visit her this week. \_\_\_ Él ha podido caminar todos los días.

7. She has given us $5. \_\_\_ No hemos podido ir a la escuela.

8. They have been able to buy the book. \_\_\_ Les he dado $5 a ellos.

9. I have given them $5. \_\_\_ Mi papá me ha dado $5.

10. He has been able to walk every day. \_\_\_ Ellos le han dado el libro a ella.

***ESPAÑOL 4*** PAQUETE DE TAREA #24

Read above ***Spanish Present Perfect Verbs***, to learn how these COMPOUND VERBS work. Then, match the following English and Spanish sentences:

1. I haven´t told you the answer. \_\_\_ Ella no me ha dicho nada.

2. She hasn´t come home yet. \_\_\_ ¿Les has dicho las noticias a ellos?

3. She hasn´t told me anything. \_\_\_ Ellos nos han dicho todo.

4. We haven´t come to school. \_\_\_ Ellos no han venido todavía.

5. They have told us everything. \_\_\_ Ya he venido a la casa.

6. He hasn´t come in the house. \_\_\_ Ella no ha venido a casa todavía.

7. Have you told them the news? \_\_\_ Ella le ha dicho las noticias a él.

8. I have already come in the house. \_\_\_ Él no ha venido a la casa.

9. She has told him the news. \_\_\_ No te he dicho la respuesta.

10. They haven´t come in yet. \_\_\_ No hemos venido a la escuela.

***ESPAÑOL 4*** PAQUETE DE TAREA #25

Read above ***Spanish Present Perfect Verbs***, to learn how these COMPOUND VERBS work. Then, match the following English and Spanish sentences:

1. She has wanted to talk to you. \_\_\_ Él ha sabido por años.

2. I have known the truth. \_\_\_ ¿Has sabido la verdad?

3. They haven´t wanted to say why. \_\_\_ ¿Has querido hablar con ella?

4. He has known for years. \_\_\_ Hemos sabido desde febrero.

5. I have wanted to go to Paris. \_\_\_ ¿Ella ha sabido por dónde está él?

6. Have you known the truth? \_\_\_ He sabido la verdad.

7. Have you wanted to talk to her? \_\_\_ ¿Ella ha querido ir a París?

8. We have known since February. \_\_\_ He querido ir a París.

9. Has she wanted to go to Paris? \_\_\_ Ella ha querido hablar contigo.

10. Has she known where he is? \_\_\_ Ellos no han querido decir el porqué.

***ESPAÑOL 4*** PAQUETE DE TAREA #26

Read above ***Spanish Present Perfect Verbs***, to learn how these COMPOUND VERBS work. Then, match the following English and Spanish sentences:

1. She has been sick all day. \_\_\_ Texas ha sido una parte del país por años.

2. She has always been nice. \_\_\_ Ha sido un día bonito.

3. She has been in Texas for years. \_\_\_ Ella siempre ha sido alta.

4. It has been a beautiful day. \_\_\_ Ella siempre ha sido muy trabajadora.

5. We have been very proud of you. \_\_\_ Ella ha estado enferma todo el día.

6. She has always been tall. \_\_\_ Hemos estado bien orgullosos de ti.

7. She has been ready all day. \_\_\_ Ella ha estado en Texas por años.

8. She has always been a very hard worker. \_\_\_ Ella ha estado trabajando todo el día.

9. She has been working all day. \_\_\_ Ella ha estado lista todo el día.

10. Texas has been a part of the country for years. \_\_\_ Ella siempre ha sido simpática.