Packs 22-31 Chinese 2

Pack 22

中文课/汉语课 Zhōng wén kè / hàn yǔ kè

一、Nouns. Write down the answers of 1-10 in Pinyin or simple characters.

1.老师\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ teacher

2,同学tóng xué \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 3. 校长xiào zhǎng \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 4.我 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I 5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nǐ you

6. 们 men to plural suffix for pronouns. Sometimes a suffix for nouns.

 7.我们wǒ men \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 你们\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ plural you

 同学们tóng xué men\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 8.名字míng zì name

 9.先生xiān sheng \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10. 小姐xiǎo jiě Miss 11,太太tài tài Mrs.

二、Finish the dialogue !-7 :

1, A:你好 nǐ hǎo hello

 B:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nǐ hǎo hello

2. A: 王明,你好wáng míng ，nǐ hǎo. hello, wang ming.

 B: 李四,你好lǐ sì\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. hello,lisi.

3. A:早 zǎo Morning

 B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Morning

 A: 王明,早. wáng míng ，zǎo. Morning, Wangming.

 B: 李老师 ,早lǐ\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ zǎo Morning, Miss Li.

4. A :早上好 zǎo shàng hǎo goodmorning.

 B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_good morning.(character)

5．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_吗？\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ How are you?

 我很好wǒ hěn hǎo. I am fine. (I am very good).

6. A: 你叫什么名字？nǐ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_míng zì ？ What’s your name?

B: 我叫\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 你呢? wǒ jiào\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ，nǐ ne ？ My name is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and you?

A: 我叫\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。 wǒ jiào \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。 My name is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

7.A: 您贵姓？nín guì xìng ？what’s your surname?

 B: 我姓\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_， 叫\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 你呢？My surname is\_\_\_\_\_\_ My name is\_\_\_\_and you?

 wǒ xìng \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ， jiào\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，nǐ ne ？

 A : 我姓李，叫 李白。 wǒ xìng lǐ ，jiào lǐ bái 。My surname is Li. My name is Libai.

三、汉字： Write down Characters for 5 times：

1. 不bù no/not\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 很hěn very\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 吗ma ? Question word \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 再见zàijiàn goodbye \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. 走zǒu to go, to walk \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. 去qù to go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. 上、shàng top中zhōng middle 、下xià bottom \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. 你好nǐhǎo hello \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. 我很好wǒ henhao. I am very good. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
10. 明天见míngtiān jiàn . See you tomorrow. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

四、Speaking and write down in Chinese。

Design your dialogue with your family. Ask : hello. how are you? I am \_\_\_\_ What’s your name? My name IS\_\_. What’s your surname? My surname is ----. Thank you. Good bye.

Pack 23

1. 词汇cí huì Complete blank for vocabularies.
2. 早上好 zǎo shàng\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ good morning
3. 下午好xià wǔ hǎo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 晚上好wǎn shàng hǎo good evening
5. 晚安wǎn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ good night
6. 我很好wǒ\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I am very good.
7. 我不错wǒ bú cuò I am fine
8. 我还行wǒ hái \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I am not bad. I am Ok.
9. 我不太好wǒ\_\_\_\_\_tài hǎo I am not so good.
10. 最近好吗？zuì jìn hǎo ma ？How have you been lately.
11. 一会儿见yī huì ér jiàn See you later.
12. 得děi to need,to have to.
13. 我得上课了。wǒ děi shàng kè le 。I have to have a class.
14. 我得回家了wǒ děi huí jiā le I have to go home.
15. 我得睡觉了。wǒ děi shuì jiào le 。I have to sleep.
16. 我得走了。wǒ děi zǒu le 。 I have to go.
17. Finish your dialogue in Chinese with one of your friend.

1.A:这是李四。zhè shì lǐ sì. This is Lisi.

B :这是我的朋友，他叫李四zhè shì wǒ de péng yǒu ，tā jiào lǐsì. This is my friend, His name is Lisi.

A 这是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。zhè shì \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This is \_\_\_\_\_\_(one of your friends or family members)

这是我的朋友，他叫李四。zhèshì wǒde \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ，tā jiào \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This is my friend, His/her name is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2.谢谢你， 不客气/不用谢 xiè xiè nǐ ， bú kè qì /bú yòng xiè. Thank you. You’re welcome.

A: 谢谢xiè xiè B： \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3.A：你最近好吗？nǐ zuì jìn hǎo ma ？How have you been lately?

我不好，我感冒了。wǒ\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，wǒ gǎnmào le. I am not good, I got a cold.

4.我得走了，再见。wǒ děi zǒu le 。 I have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

我得回家了，再见。wǒ děi huí jiā le I have to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5.A: 认识你很高兴。rèn shí nǐ hěn gāoxìng. Nice to meet you. Know you very happy.

 B: 认识你我也很高兴。rèn shí nǐ wǒ yě hěn gāo xìng. Nice to meet you too. Know you I also very happy.

认识：rèn shí Know 也yě Also, too 很hěn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

高兴gāo xìng: glad, happy.

Verb: 1. 姓xìng to be surnamed 2，叫 jiào \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 3是shì \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 不是bú shì to be not

Demonstratives 1. 这 zhè \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. 那 nà that

Question Words 什么 shén me? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 呢？ne? A final particle used in follow-up questions.

1. Design sentence in Chinese with your family or your friends.

Introduce one of your friends speaking the sentences: good afternoon, How have you been lately? I am—。 Nice to meet you. Nice to meet you too. I have to go home. See you later./see you tomorrow.

Pack 24

1. Finish blank in vocabularies
2. 我 wǒ I 我们wǒ men We
3. 你 nǐ you 你们nǐ men you( Plural)
4. 他 tā he 他们tā men They(m.)
5. 她 tā she 她们\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. 它 tā it 它们\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ They(neuter)
7. 国家guó jiā ：countries
8. 美国 中国 英国 德国 法国 西班牙 日本 韩国

měi guó zhōng guó yīng guó dé guó fǎ guó xībān yá rìběn hán guó

USA. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ England Germany France \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Japan South Korea

意大利 加拿大 新加坡 印度 泰国 马来西亚 越南

yìdà lì jiā ná dà xīn jiā pō yìn dù tài guó mǎ lái xī yà yuè nán

Italy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Singapore India \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Vietnam

亚洲 欧洲 美洲 非洲 拉丁美洲 世界

yà zhōu ōu zhōu měi zhōu fēi zhōu lā dīng měi zhōu shì jiè

Asia Europe America Africa Latin America World

1. Write down what countries in Asia/ Europe/America/Africa/Latin America.

在zài in . 美国在美洲。měiguó zài měi zhōu . USA. is in America.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_在亚洲zài yà zhōu。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_在欧洲zài ōu zhōu

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_在美洲zài měi zhōu

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_在非洲zài fēi zhōu

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_在拉丁美洲zài lādīng měi zhōu

9．国guó \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_rén people

 课 kè class 上课shàng kè \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

朋友\_\_\_\_\_\_\_yǒu friend 大家dà jiā everyone

哪 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which/where 问wèn to ask

1. Speak dialogue to your friend or parents.
2. A：你是哪国人？nǐ shì nǎ guó rén ？What’s your nationality?

B：我是美国人wǒ shì měi guó rén. I am American.

1. A: 你是美国人吗？nǐ shì měi guó rén ma ？Are you American?

B：我不是美国人。我是英国人wǒ búshì měiguó rén. wǒ shì yīngguó rén

I am not American. I am British.

1. A：我是加拿大人，你呢？wǒ shì jiā ná dà rén ，nǐ ne ？I am Canadian, and you?

B：我是德国人。wǒ shì dé guó rén. I am German.

1. 他是韩国人。tā shì hán guó rén. He is South Korean.

她不是中国人。tā bú shì zhōng guó rén. She is not Chinese.

1. A我们是美国人，wǒ men shì měi guó rén我们不是英国人wǒ men bú shì yīng guó rén。We are American. We are not British.
2. 我们都是法国人。wǒ men dōu shì fǎ guó rén. We are all French.
3. A：你们都是马来西亚人吗？nǐ men dōu shì mǎ lái xī yà rén ma ？Are you all Malaysian?

B：她是马来西亚人，我们是泰国人。tā shì mǎ lái xī yà rén ，wǒ men shì tài guó rén 。She is Malaysian, we are Tai.

1. A: 认识你很高兴。rèn shí nǐ hěn gāoxìng. Nice to meet you. Know you very happy.

 B: 认识你我也很高兴。rèn shí nǐ wǒ yě hěn gāo xìng. Nice to meet you too. Know you I also very happy.

1. Finish blank in dialogue
2. A: 你是哪国人？nǐ shì nǎ guó rén ？What’s your nationality?

 B：我\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_人wǒ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_rén. I am American.

1. A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_哪国人？\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_？What’s your nationality?
2. A: 你是美国人\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_？nǐ shì měi guó rén \_\_\_\_\_\_？Are you American?

B：我不是美国人.wǒ búshì měiguó rén.

1. 我们都\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_人。wǒ men \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shì yīngguó rén. We are all British.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_你我\_\_\_\_很高兴。rèn shí nǐ wǒ \_\_\_\_\_\_ hěn gāo xìng. Nice to meet you too. Know you I also very happy
3. design your own dialogue in Chinese with your friends from another country.

Asking them: How are you. Where are you from? I am from\_\_\_\_\_. And you? I am from America. Nice to meet you. Nice to meet you too.

Pack 25

一、 write characters for 5 times.

1. 国guó country\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. 那nà that 、哪nǎ which/where \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. 认识rèn shí know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. 高兴gāo xìng glad \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. 也yě also/too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. 大家好dà jiā hǎo Hello everyone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. 朋友péng yǒu friend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. 问wèn to ask \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. 的de possessive word \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10.美měi

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

美国meiguo America 美丽měi lì beautiful 漂亮piàoliàng pretty

二、Speak the following sentences in Chinese to your family for study.

1.在学校里zài xué xiào lǐ. In school.

2.A:你几岁？nǐ jǐ suì ？How old are you? (1-10)

A:你多大？nǐ duō dà ？How old are you? (10-50)

A:您多大年纪了？nín duō dà nián jì le ？How old are you? (50-100)

B:我\_\_\_\_\_\_岁。Wǒ\_\_\_\_\_suì. I am \_\_\_\_\_\_years old.

3.A:你上几年级？nǐ shàng jǐ nián jí ？What grade are you in?

 我上十一年级。wǒ shàng shí yī nián jí. I am in 11th grade.

4.学科subjects：

我学数学。林老师是我的数学老师。wǒ xué shù xué 。lín lǎo shī shì wǒ de shù xué lǎo shī 。I atudy math, Miss Lin is my math teacher.

我学中文。郝老师是我的中文老师。wǒ xué zhōng wén 。hǎo lǎo shī shì wǒ de zhōng wén lǎo shī 。I study Chinese, Miss Hao is my Chinese teacher.

1. A:这是中文教室吗？ B:对，这是中文教室。

A:zhè shì zhōngwén jiàoshì ma ？B:duì ，zhè shì zhōng wén jiāo shì. Is this Chinese classroom? Yes, this is Chinese classroom.

B:不对，这不是中文教室。

B:bú duì，zhè búshì zhōngwén jiàoshì.No, this is not Chinese classroom.

 7.A:你上什么课？nǐ shàng shénme kè？What class do you take?

 B:我上中文/汉语课。wǒ shàng zhōng wén/hànyǔ kè. I take Chinese class.

 A:你有什么课？nǐ yǒu shén me kè ？What class do you have?

B: 我有中文课、数学课和历史课。wǒ yǒu zhōng wén kè 、shù xué kè hé lì shǐ kè.I have Chines class, math class and history class.

三、You need answer questions in Chinese of yourself after reading above study sentences.

1. 你\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_？\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_？How old are you? (10-50)

我\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_岁。Wǒ\_\_\_\_\_suì. I am \_\_\_\_\_\_years old.

1. 你妹妹/弟弟几岁？nǐ mèi mèi /dì dì jǐ suì ？how old does your younger sister or younger brother?

她/他\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_岁。tā /tā \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_suì .She /he is \_\_\_\_\_\_years old.

1. 你的宠物几岁了？nǐ de chǒng wù jǐ suì le ？ How old is your pet?

它\_\_\_\_\_\_\_岁。tā \_\_\_\_\_\_\_suì 。It \_\_\_\_\_\_years old.

 4. A:你上几\_\_\_\_\_\_\_？nǐ shàng jǐ nián jí ？What grade are you in?

 我上\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_年级。wǒ shàng\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_nián jí. I am in\_\_\_\_\_\_grade.

 5.我\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。郝老师是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。wǒ xué zhōng wén 。hǎo lǎo shī shì wǒ de zhōngwén\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。I study Chinese, Miss Hao is my Chinese teacher.

6.A:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_中文教室吗？ B:\_\_\_\_\_，这是中文教室。

A:zhè shì zhōngwén jiàoshì ma ？ B:duì ，zhè shì zhōng wén\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 Is this Chinese classroom? Yes, this is Chinese classroom.

7.A:你\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_？nǐ\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shénme kè？What class do you take?

 B:我上\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_课。wǒ\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_kè. I take\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ class.

 A:你\_\_\_\_\_\_什么课？nǐ\_\_\_\_\_\_shén me kè ？What class do you have?

B: 我有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_和\_\_\_\_\_\_\_课。wǒ yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_kè hé \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kè.

Subjects in School:

1.语文 汉语 中文 yǔ wén hàn yǔ zhōngwén Chinese 2.数学 shù xué Math

3.英语、法语、德语、西班牙语yīngyǔ 、fǎyǔ 、déyǔ 、xībān yá yǔ English French Germany Spanish.

4.物理.wù lǐ physics 5.化学huà xué Chemistry

 6.生物shēng wù biology 7.地理 dì lǐ geography

8.历史lì shǐ history 9.政治zhèng zhì political education

10.音乐yīn yuè music 11.美术měi shù art

12.体育tǐ yù physical education

13.计算机科学jì suàn jī .kē xué computer science

电脑、diàn nǎo computer

14.年级nián jí grade

 初中chū zhōng middle school、高中、gāo zhōng High school

15.学、xué to study/to learn, 上 shàng up/ to take a class

Pack 26

一、Design your dialogue inChinese asking your new classmate’s name, how old is him/her? What’s grade dose he/she in? what subject does he/she take?, what teacher do you have? Make sure, Is this Chinese Classroom? Say goodbye and so on. You also can use the following sentences what we have learned.

1. A:Hello, how are you? B :I am good. Hey bro, what’s your name?

A :My name is \_\_\_\_\_ and you? B : My name is \_\_\_\_\_.

A :How old are you? B :I am \_\_\_\_years old, and you? A: I am \_\_\_\_years old

A : What grade are you in? B:I am in \_\_\_grade。

A： I also in \_\_grade.

A : I study Chinese，Miss Hao is my Chinese teacher. What class do you take?

B : I take Chinese class too. Miss Hao is my Chinese teacher too.

 B: Is this Chinese Classroom? Yes,this is Chinese classroom.

 A : Nice to meet you. B :Nice to meet you too.

二、Write down characters for 5 times.

1. 对duì right\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 年级nián jí grade\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 几岁jǐ suìHow old \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 学校xué xiào\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. 中文zhōng wén 汉语hànyǚ

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. 英语yīng yǔEnglish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 您nín\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 多大duō dà How old\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 老师lǎo shī teacher\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. 上课shàng kè\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Pack 27

1. 家庭成员jiā tíng chéng yuán study family members first and speak it to your family.
2. 家人jiā rén：

bà bà 爸爸Dad、mā mā 妈妈Mom、gē gē 哥哥old brother、jiě jiě 姐姐old sister、dì dì 弟弟、younger brother mèi mèi 妹妹younger sister、外公wài gōng Mother’s father、外婆wài pó Mother‘s mother 、爷爷yé yé father’s father、奶奶nǎi nǎi father’s mother

1. 宠物：chǒng wù pet

狗gǒu dog 、猫māo cat、鸟niǎo bird、鱼yú fish 、鼠shǔ mouse、兔子tù zi rabbit、牛niú cattle、蛇shé snake、马mǎ horse、羊yáng sheep 、猴hóu monkey、鸡jī russter、猪zhū pig、老虎lǎo hǔ tiger、龙lóng dargon、凤fèng phoenix、熊猫xióng māo panda、熊xióng bear

 3. Adjective

 Describe a person: 高tall、低short、胖 fat 、壮strong、瘦 slim、 美beauty、丑urgly

 gāo 、 dī 、 pàng 、 zhuàng 、 shòu 、 měi 、 chǒu

 Describe a pet: 大dà large 、中zhōng midium、小xiǎo small、可爱kě ài cute、丑chǒu ugly 、不大不小bú dà bú xiǎo not large and not small、很hěn very

他又高又瘦tā yòu gāo yòu shòu. He is not only tall but also thin.

Austin又高又壮Austinyòu gāo yòu zhuàng.Austin is not only tall but also strong.

Dylan 又 低又瘦Dylan yòu dī yòu shòu.Dylan is not only short but also thin.

她又美又可爱tā yòu měi yòu kě ài。She is not only beautiful but also cute.

Pets

它很大也很胖。tā hěn dà yě hěn pang. It very big also very fat.

 它很小也很可爱。tā hěn xiǎo yě hěn kě ài. It very small also very cute.

它不大不小也很可爱。tā bú dà bú xiǎo yě hěn kě ài .It not large and small also very cute.

它很小也很丑。tā hěn xiǎo yě hěn chǒu. It very amall also very ugly.

1. Speak the following sentences for 3 time.
2. 这是谁？zhè shì shéi？Who is this?这是我妈妈。zhè shì wǒ māmā.This is my mom.

那是谁？那是我弟弟。nà shì shéi？nà shì wǒ dìdì.Who is that? That is my younger brother.

它是谁？它是我的宠物。tā shì shéi？tā shì wǒ de chǒngwù.Who is it?It is my pet.

2, A：你的宠物是什么？nǐ de chǒng wù shì shén me ？What’s your pet?

 B： 我的宠物是狗。它很大也很胖。wǒ de chǒng wù shì gǒu 。tā hěn dà yě hěn pang

 My pet is dog.It very big also very fat.

3.A：你的狗叫什么名字？nǐ de gǒu jiào shén me míng zì ？What’s your dog’s name?

 B： 它叫胖胖。tā jiào pàng pang.It called PangPang.

4.A：这是你的狗吗？zhè shì nǐ de gǒu ma ？Is this your dog?

 B：不是，这是我外婆的狗。bú shì，zhè shì wǒ wài pó de gǒu.No,this is not my dog.

三．describe a person in Chinese using sentences: This is my father/mother/friend, she’s /his name is\_\_\_\_\_\_. She/he is not only tall/short/pretty but also fat/strong/cute and so on.You can draw a picture to show me what is looks like.

Write down characters for 5 times

1. 大 dà big、小xiǎo small \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 高gāo high\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 低dī short \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 胖pàng fat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. 可爱kě ài cute\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. 家jiā home\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. 狗gǒu dog、猫māo cat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

四．Find one of your family pictures with pet together. Practice Chinese sentences with your family. Write them down in Chinese Pinyin and answer them .You can ask and answer: Who is this? This is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_my Dad/Mom/younger brother/old sister and so on. Who is it? It is my pet. What’s your pet? My pet is dog/bird/catand so on.It very \_\_\_\_\_\_also very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. What’s your dog’s name?It’s name is\_\_\_\_\_\_ Is this your dog/cat/bird/fish ……? No.this is my grandma’s cat./Yes,this is my dog/cat/bird/fish…..You also can draw your family picture first and then describe it.

Pack 28

1. Study vocabulary and quiz with your family
2. 和hé and 2. 可是kě shì 3. 个gè common measure word

4,口kǒu measure word for family members 5.两liǎng two

 6.几jǐ How many 7. 有yǒu have 、 没有méi yǒu not have

 8,只zhī measure for amall animals 9.独生子dú shēng zǐ only child (Boy)

 10.独生女dú shēng nǚ Only child (girl)

1. Answer The following sentences
2. A: 你家有几口人？nǐ jiā yǒu jǐ kǒu rén ？How amny people in your family?

我家有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_口人。wǒ jiā yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_kǒu rén 。I have\_\_\_people in my family.

1. A: 你家有什么人？nǐ jiā yǒu shén me rén ？Who is in your family?

B: 我家有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_和我。wǒ jiā yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hé wǒ

I have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and me.

1. A: 都有谁？dōu yǒu shéi？Who is in your family?

B: 我家有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_和我。wǒ jiā yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hé wǒ

1. A: 你家有宠物吗？nǐ jiā yǒu chǒng wù ma ？Do you have a pet?

B: 我有一只猫，它很大也很胖。wǒ yǒu yī zhī māo ，tā hěn dà yě hěn pang.I have a cat,It very big also very fat.

1. 我是独生子。我是独生女。wǒ shì dú shēng zǐ 。wǒ shì dú shēng nǚ.I am Only Child(boy or girl) in my family.(no other brothers and sisters)
2. 我没有哥哥，可是我有弟弟。wǒ méi yǒu gē gē ，kě shì wǒ yǒu dì dì.I don’t have old brother,but I have younger brother.
3. 你有几个兄弟姐妹？nǐ yǒu jǐ gè xiōng dì jiě mèi ？How many brothers and sisters do you have?

我有两个哥哥一个姐姐和一个妹妹. Wǒ yǒu liǎng gè gē gē yī gè jiě jiě hé yī gè mèi mèi.

I have two old brother,a old sister and a younger sister.

1. This is most measure words in Chinese. You just need to understand.
2. 个gè： common measure word 两个人liǎng gè rén two people
3. 只zhī: used for animals,like dog and cat. 三只狗sān zhī gǒu three dogs
4. 支zhī：Used for stick-like things,like 笔bǐ 四支笔sì zhī bǐ four sticks of pen
5. 杯bēi：liquids contained in a cup,like a cup of tea. 五杯茶wǔ bēi chá five cups of tea
6. 瓶píng：a bottle of water. 六瓶水liù píng shuǐ six bottles of water
7. 本běn：used for books,albums,like a volunme of a book. 七本书qī běn shū senven books
8. 张zhāng：flat things,like a sheet of paper. 八张纸bā zhāng zhǐ eight sheets of paper
9. 双shuāng：used for pairs,like a pair of shoes. 九双鞋jiǔ shuāng xié nine pairs of shoes
10. 件jiàn：used for clothing and events,like an article of clothing. 十件衣服shí jiàn yī fú

 ten clothes.

1. 罐guàn：Used for things that come in a can,like a can of coke. 十一罐可乐 eleven cans of coke
2. 壶hú：a pot of tea. 十二壶茶shí èr hú chá twelve pots of tea

四、Write down Characters for 5 times

1. 爸bà\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 妈mā\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 姐jiě\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 妹mèi\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. 弟dì\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. 哥gē\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. 和hé\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. 可是kě shì\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. 有yǒu、没有méi yǒu\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
10. 个gè、只zhī\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 四、answer the following question about your family and pet.

1. A: 你\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_人？nǐ jiā yǒu\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kǒu rén ？How amny people in your family?

 B:我家有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_口人。wǒ jiā yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_kǒu rén 。I have\_\_\_people in my family.

2.A: 你家\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_？nǐ jiā yǒu shénme rén ？Who is in your family?

B: 我家有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_和我。wǒ jiā yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hé wǒ

I have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and me.

3.A: 你家有宠物吗？\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_？Do you have a pet?

B: 我有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，它\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_也\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。wǒ yǒu yī zhī māo ，tā hěn dà yě hěn pang.I have a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ also\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4.你有哥哥吗？nǐ yǒu gē gē ma ？ Do you have old brother?

我没有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，可是我有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。wǒ méi yǒu\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，kě shì wǒ yǒu\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I don’t have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but I have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5.你有几个兄弟姐妹？nǐ yǒu jǐ gè xiōng dì jiě mèi ？How many brothers and sisters do you have?

我有\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_和\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Wǒ yǒu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hé\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

I have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Pack 29

1. Quiz vocabularies with family members.
2. 年、月、号nián 、yuè 、hào year month day
3. 电话diàn huà phone
4. 手机shǒu jī cellphone
5. 号码hào mǎ number
6. 祝你生日快乐zhù nǐ shēng rì kuài lè Happy birthday to you.
7. 今天jīn tiān Today、明天míng tiān tomorrow
8. 前天qián tiān the day before yesterday、后天hòu tiān the day after tomorrow
9. 前qián in front of 、后hòu to the behind of
10. 祝zhù hope wish
11. 生日shēng rì birthday
12. 快乐kuài lè happy
13. 晚会wǎn huì party
14. Answer the following questions.
15. A: 今天是几月几号？jīn tiān shì jǐ yuè jǐ hào ？What day is it today?

**B:** 今天是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_年\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_月\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_号/日.

jīn tiān shì \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_nián \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_yuè \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hào /rì

My birthday is \_\_\_\_\_\_year\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_month \_\_\_\_\_\_day.

1. A:今天星期几？jīn tiān xīng qī jǐ ？What date is it today?

B:今天星期\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. jīn tiān xīng qī \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. A:你的生日是几月几号？nǐ de shēng rì shì jǐ yuè jǐ hào ？When is your birthday?

B:我的生日是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_月\_\_\_\_\_\_\_号。wǒ de shēng rì shì \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_yuè \_\_\_\_\_\_\_hào.

My birthday is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_month \_\_\_\_\_\_day.

1. 祝你\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_！zhù nǐ\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_！Happy birthday to you.
2. A: 生日晚会是几月几号？shēng rì wǎn huì shì jǐ yuè jǐ hào ？When is birthday party?

B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_月\_\_\_\_\_\_\_号\_\_\_\_\_\_\_yuè \_\_\_\_\_\_\_hào

1. A:你的电话号码是多少？nǐ de diàn huà hào mǎ shì duō shǎo ？what’s your phone number? B:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. A:你有他的手机号码吗？nǐ yǒu tā de shǒu jī hào mǎ ma ？Do you have his cellphone number?

B:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.I have/don’t have his cellphone number.

1. A:Tess 的手机号码是多少？Tess de shǒu jī hào mǎ shì duō shǎo ？What’s Tess’s cellphone number?

B:她的手机号码是\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. tā de shǒu jī hào mǎ shì \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 Her cellphone number is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. A:你有手机吗？nǐ yǒu shǒu jī ma ？Do you have cellphone?

B:我有/没有手机\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.I have/don’t have cellphone.

1. 这是不是你的手机？zhè shì bú shì nǐ de shǒu jī ？ Is this your cellphone?

这是/不是我的手机。\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This is/is not my phone.

三、Write down 5 times Characters.

1. 年、月、号nián 、yuè 、hào

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. 号码hào mǎ number\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 手机shǒu jī cellphone\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 生日shēng rì birthday\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 快乐kuài lè happy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. 晚会wǎn huì\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. 电话diàn huà\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. 祝zhù wish hope\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Pack 30

一、词汇 cí huì study vocabularies with your friend or by yourself.

1. 奇怪 qí guài strange

2. 哪儿/哪里 nǎ ér /nǎ lǐ where

3. 在 zài indicate the position of a person or thing

4. 找 zhǎo to look for, to search

5. 课本、书 kè běn 、shū textbook 、 book

6. 背包、书包 bèi bāo 、shū bāo backpack、schoolbag

7. 怎么了？ Zěn me le ? what’s wrong

8. 上、 下、 左、 右、 前、 后、 面、 边 中间

shàng 、xià 、 zuǒ 、 yòu 、 qián 、 hòu 、 miàn 、 biān zhōng jiān

up down left right forward backward surface side in the middle of

里l ǐ inside 外 wài outside

1. 白板 白板笔 bái bǎn bái bǎn bǐ whiteboard white board marker

2. 板擦 bǎn cā board eraser

3. 开电脑 kāi diàn nǎo turn on the computer

4. 地图 dì tú map

5. 海报 hǎi bào poster

6. 讲台、桌子、椅子 jiǎng tái 、zhuō zǐ 、yǐ zǐ podium、table desk、chair

8. CD 播放机、 光盘、 CD bō fàng jī 、 guāng pán CD player、compact disc (CD)

9. 投影机 tóu yǐng jī projector

二、study sentences

1.书在哪儿？shū zài nǎr ？ where is book?

 笔在哪儿？bǐ zài nǎr ？ where is pen?

 课本在哪儿？kè běn zài nǎr ？ where is textbook?

2.书在背包前面。shū zài bèi bāo qián miàn books are in front of backpack.

 书在背包后面。shū zài bèi bāo hòu miàn books are behind of backpack

 书在背包上面。shū zài bèi bāo shàng miàn books are on top of backpack

 书在背包下面。shū zài bèi bāo xià miàn books are under backpack

 书在背包里面。shū zài bèi bāo lǐ miàn books are inside of backpack

 书在背包外面。shū zài bèi bāo wài miàn books are outside backpack.

 课本在背包左边。kèben zài bèi bāo zuǒ biān Textbook is to the left of backpack

 课本在背包右边 kèben zài bèi bāo yòu biān Textbook is to the right of backpack

 背包在课本中间。bèi bāo zai kè běn zhōngjiān backpack is between textbook.

3. dialogue

 A 奇怪 qí guài That’s strange…

 B:怎么了？zěn me le ？what’s wrong?

 A : 你的中文课本在哪儿？nǐ de zhōng wén kè běn zài nǎr ？where is your Chinese textbook?

B：我的中文课本在教室里面。wǒ de zhōng wén kè běn zài jiāo shì lǐ miàn

My Chinese textbook is in the classroom.

三．Write down Characters for 5 times.

1. 在zài indicate the position of a person or thing,such as : 在学校里zài xué xiào lǐ。In school.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. 找zhǎo to look for, to find.such as: 找朋友zhǎo péng yǒu. Find a friend.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. 左、 右、 前、 后、 面、 边 中间

 zuǒ 、 yòu 、 qián 、 hòu 、 miàn 、 biān zhōng jiān

left right forward backward surface side in the middle of

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. 里lǐ inside \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 外wài outside \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 书shū book\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 背包bèi bāo backpack \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

四、Look at your own Home and answer question: Where is your backpack in your home?

 Where is your book?

 Where is your computer?

 Where is your pen?

 Where is desk/chair?

1. 书在哪儿？shū zài nǎr ？ where is your book?

 书在\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_前面。shū zài bèi bāo qián miàn books are in front of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

书在\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_后面。shū zài \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hòu miàn books are behind of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

书在\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_里面。shū zài \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. books are inside of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

书在\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。shū zài \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. books are outside \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

书本在\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。shū zài \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_zuǒ biān book is to the left of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

书在\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shū zài \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. book is to the right of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. 笔在哪儿？bǐ zài nǎr ？ Where is your pen?

笔在\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bǐ zài\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Pen is in front of/to the behind of/to the left of/to the right of/inside of/oudside of sth.

3.桌子在哪儿？zhuōzi zài nǎr ？Where is desk?

桌子在zhuōzi zài\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Desk is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

desk is in front of/to the behind of/to the left of/to the right of/inside of/to the buttom of…. sth.

4.椅子在哪儿？yǐzi zài nǎr ？Where is chair?

椅子在yǐzi zài\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Chair is in front of/to the behind of/to the left of/to the right of/inside of/to the buttom of…. sth.

5.橡皮在哪儿？xiàngpí zài nǎr ？Where is eraser?

 橡皮在xiàng pí zài \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

eraser is in front of/to the behind of/to the left of/to the right of/inside of/to the buttom of…. sth.

Pack 31

一、answer what time is it now?

2. 点 diǎn Hour clock 3.分 fēn minute 4.秒miǎo second 5.半bàn half , 30 minutes. 6刻kè 15 minutes 7.差chà

Question： 现在几点？xiàn zài jǐ diǎn ？ 现在xiàn zài\_\_\_\_\_\_点diǎn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_分fēn

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_The time you are writing.

二、词汇cí huì vocabulary for study.Try to remember the vocabulary by reading,

1. 可以kě yǐ can may 能néng can 会 huì can

2. 当然dāng rán of course 3. 请qǐng to request (Please)

4. 借jiè to borrow, to lend 5. 要yào to want, to need

6. 给gěi to give 7. 支zhī used for stick-like things, a stick of a pen.

8. 张zhāng used for flat things like , a sheet of paper.

三、1文具wén jù supplies 2铅笔、铅笔盒qiān bǐ 、qiān bǐ hé pencil pencil box

3 一张纸yī zhāng zhǐ a sheet of paper 4.一支笔yī zhī bǐ a stick of pen

 5.尺子chǐ zi ruler 6.剪刀jiǎn dāo scissors 7.笔记本bǐ jì běn notebook

8.橡皮xiàng pí eraser 9.文件夹wén jiàn jiá folder

四、句子jù zi sentences for study.Read therse sentences by yours self.and borrow your friends sth by asking questions.

1. A：你可以借给我铅笔吗？橡皮/笔记本/修正液

 nǐ kěyǐ jiè gěi wǒ qiānbǐ ma ？ xiàngpí /bǐ jì běn

 Can you lend me the pencil? Eraser notebook

 B：当然dāngrán of course 不可以。bùkěyǐ I can’t.

2. A： 请借给我一支笔和一张纸。谢谢。不客气。

 A： qǐng jiè gěi wǒ yī zhī bǐ hé yī zhāng zhǐ 。xiè xiè 。bú kè qì

 Please lend me a pen and a piece of paper.

3.小萍借给阿国尺子。xiǎopíng jiè gěi āguó chǐzi XiaoPing lend Aguo ruler.

4. A: 今天，我们可以一起看书吗？jīn tiān,wǒ men kě yǐ yī qǐ kàn shū ma? Can we read books together today?

 B: 当然可以 dāng rán kě yǐ. of course, we can.

5.A: 明天，我们可以一起打篮球吗？míng tiān, wǒ men kěyǐ yīqǐ dǎ lánqiú ma? Can we play basketball together tomorrow?

B: 不可以，我有事。bù kěyǐ，wǒ yǒushì. No, I can’t. I have sth to do.

 会/可以 huì /kě yǐ Can

5.A: 你会打篮球吗？nǐ huì dǎ lán qiú ma ？Can you play basketball?

B: 我会打篮球。我不会打篮球。wǒ huì dǎ lán qiú 。wǒ bú huì dǎ lán qiú . I can play basketball.I can’t play basketball.

6.会huì can 你会说中文吗？nǐ huì shuō zhōng wén ma ？ 我会wǒ huì。我不会wǒ bú huì。Can you speak Chinese? I can, I can’t.

6. 要y ào to want/to need

A:你要不要纸？nǐ yào bú yào zhǐ ？Do you want paper? B:要yào/不要 bú yào . I want./I don’t want.

A:还要什么？hái yào shén me ？What you still want? B:还要一支笔。hái yào yī zhī bǐ. I still want a pen / 不要了bú yào le ，谢谢xièxiè。 I don’t want. Thank you.

1. Answer The following questions in Chinese.

A：你可以借给我铅笔吗？ Can you lend me the pencil？

 nǐ kěyǐ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_qiānbǐ ma ？

 B：当然可以\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of course I can./ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I can’t.

2. A： 请借给我一张纸。Please lend me a piece of paper.

 A： qǐng\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. 会/可以 huì /kě yǐ Can

5.A: 你\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_篮球吗？\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Can you play basketball?

B: 我会打篮球/我不会打篮球。wǒ huì dǎ lán qiú/wǒ bú huì dǎ lán qiú . I can play basketball.I can’t play basketball.

6. A:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_吗？nǐ\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_zhōng wén ma ？Can you speak Chinese?

 B:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I can, I can’t.

7.A:你要不要笔？nǐ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_bǐ ？Do you want pen?

 B:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_yào/不要 bú yào . I want./I don’t want.

五1. Make a appointment with your friends.You can ask them: Can we read book together? Can we watch movie together together? Of couse we can. No we can’t. Can we dance together tomorrow? Can you dance? Yes, I can/No,I can’t. Design your diaglogue in Pinyi or Characters.

1. You need lend your friend or family member something. Design a diaglogue using sentences we already learned in Pinyin or characters.

六Write down characters 5 times。

1. 半bàn half \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. 点diǎn clock,hour、分fēn minute\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. 可以kě yǐ can,may \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. 会huì can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. 要yào to want,to need \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. 请qǐng to request,please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. 借jiè to borrow,to lend\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. 给gěi to give \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. 笔bǐ pen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
10. 现在xiàn zài now \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_